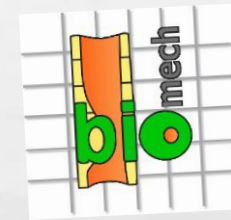


BRIDGING TISSUE-SCALE MULTI-PHYSICS TO ORGAN-SCALE BIOMECHANICS THROUGH MULTI-FIDELITY MACHINE LEARNING

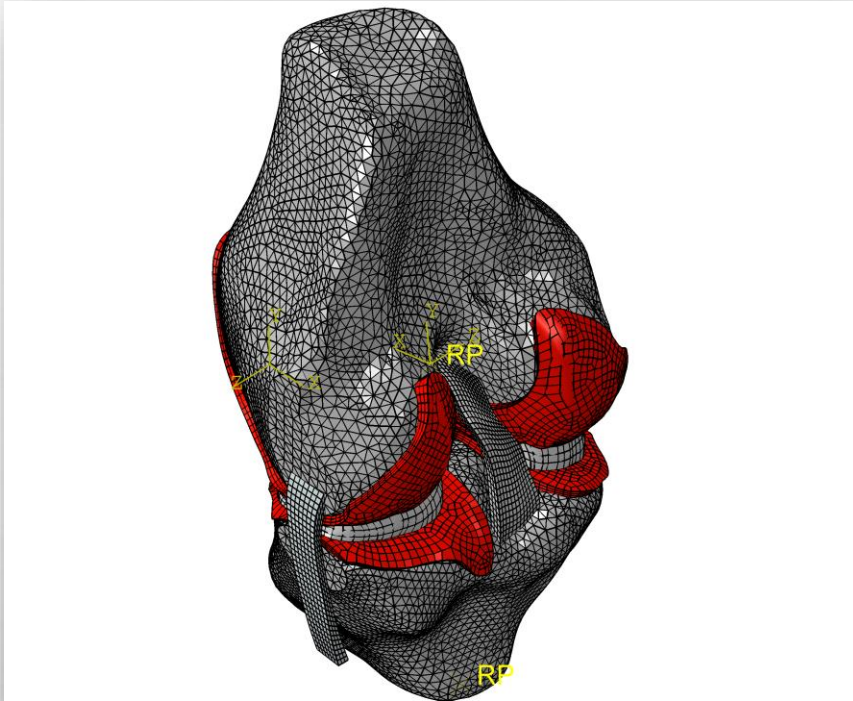
BY
SEYED SHAYAN SAJJADINIA (UNIBZ)

CO-AUTHORED BY
BRUNO CARPENTIERI (UNIBZ)
GERHARD A. HOLZAPFEL (TU GRAZ)



CMBBE 2023 SYMPOSIUM
18TH INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON COMPUTER METHODS
IN BIOMECHANICS AND BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING

INTRODUCTION



Preliminaries:

- Knee biomechanics
- Articular cartilage
- Finite element modeling
- Machine learning surrogates
- Multi-fidelity machine learning
- Graph-based inductive learning

INTRODUCTION

non-fibrillar stress osmotic pressure

$$\sigma = \sigma^{COL} - \sigma^{MAT} + \sigma^{GAG} - pI$$

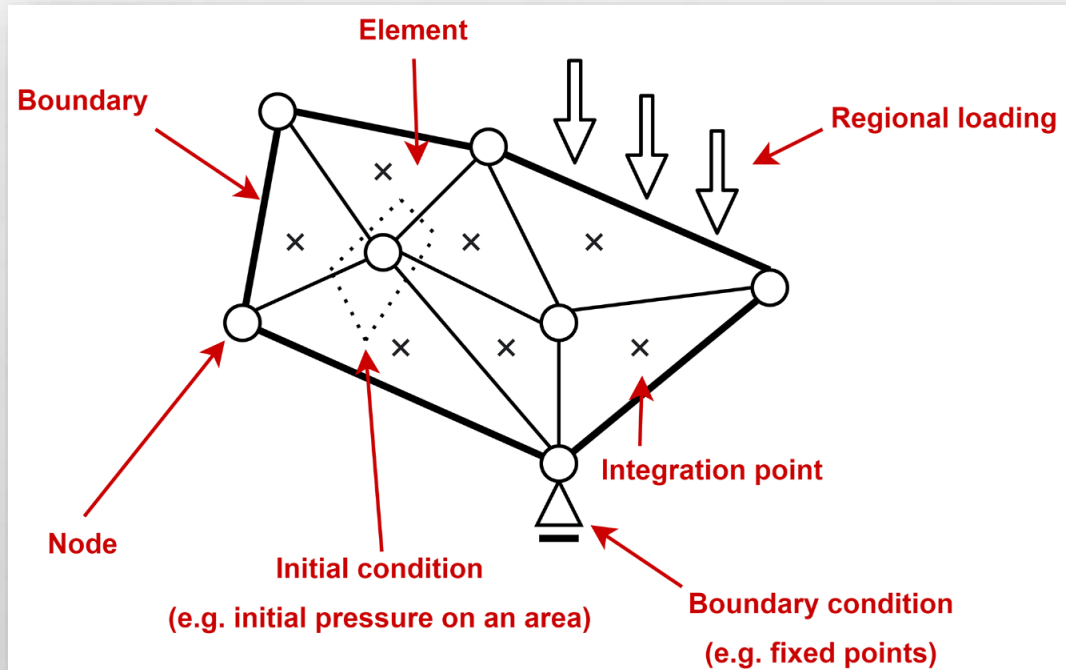
total stress fibrillar stress fluid pressure

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S. S. Sajjadinia, B. Carpentieri, and G. A. Holzapfel, "A backward pre-stressing algorithm for efficient finite element implementation of in vivo material and geometrical parameters into fibril-reinforced mixture models of articular cartilage," *Journal of the Mechanical Behavior of Biomedical Materials*, vol. 114, p. 104203, 2021.

INTRODUCTION

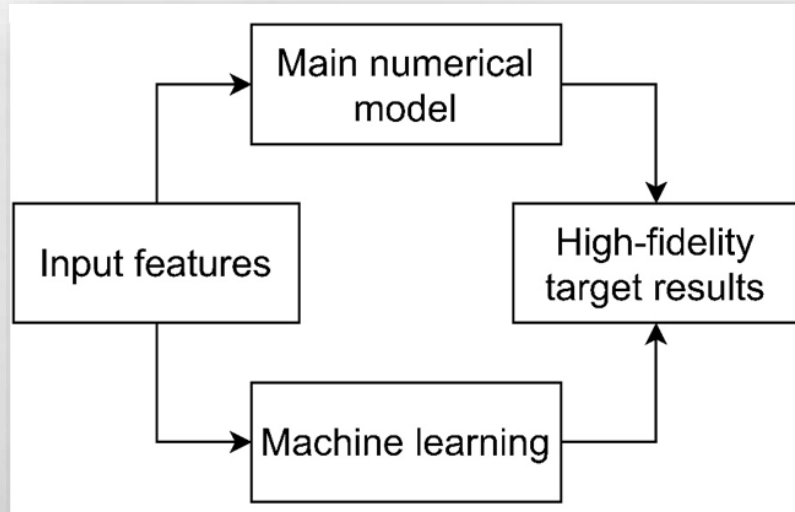


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INTRODUCTION

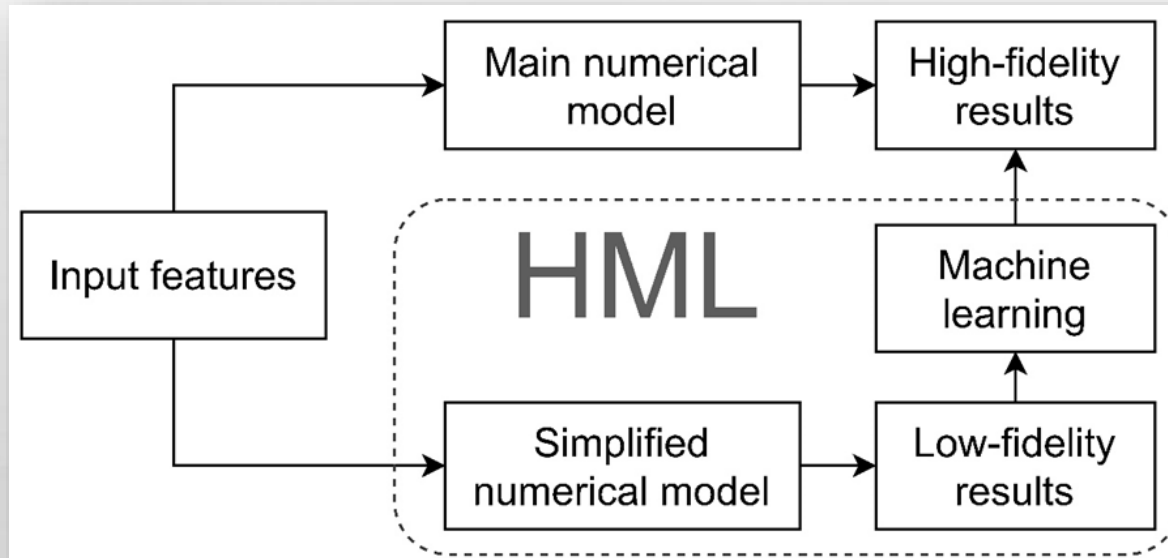


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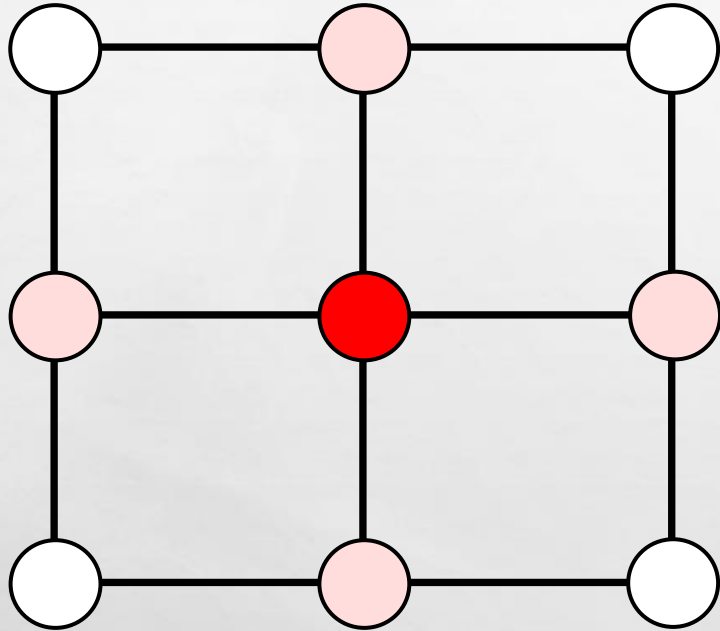


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INTRODUCTION



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RESEARCH AIMS

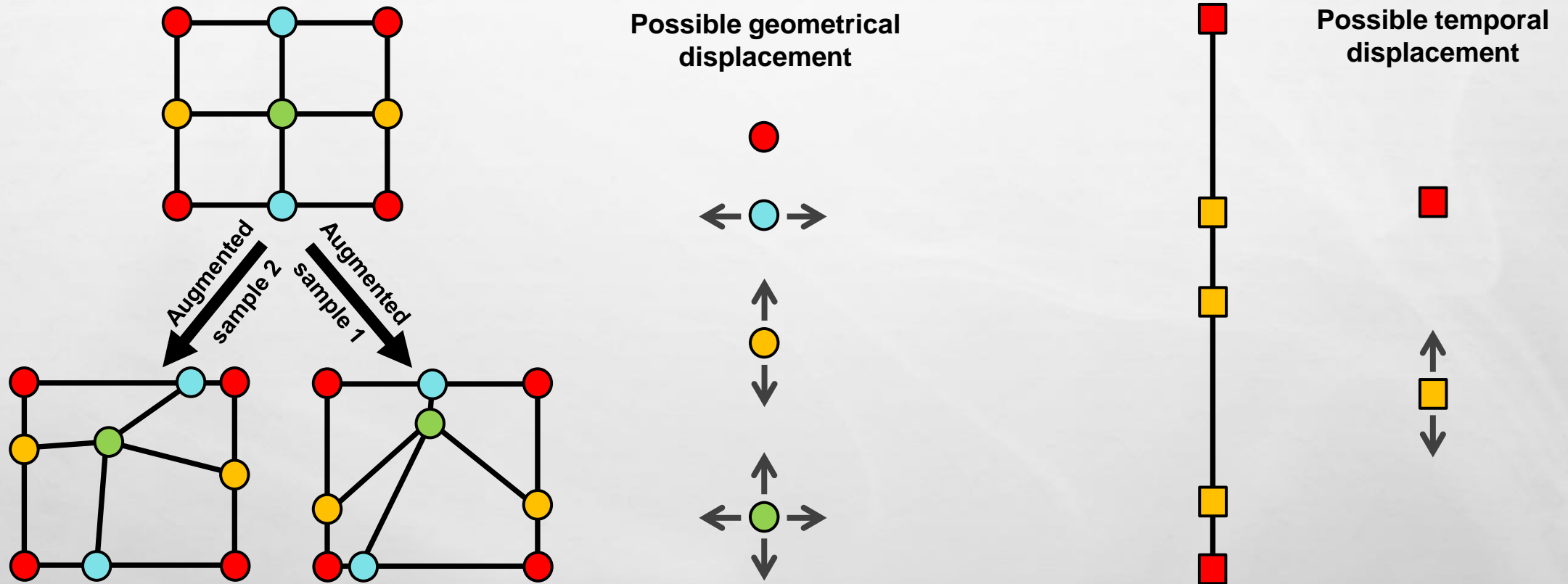
Hybrid machine
learning with
different frames

Improving
training

Data
augmentation

Multiscale
surrogate
modeling

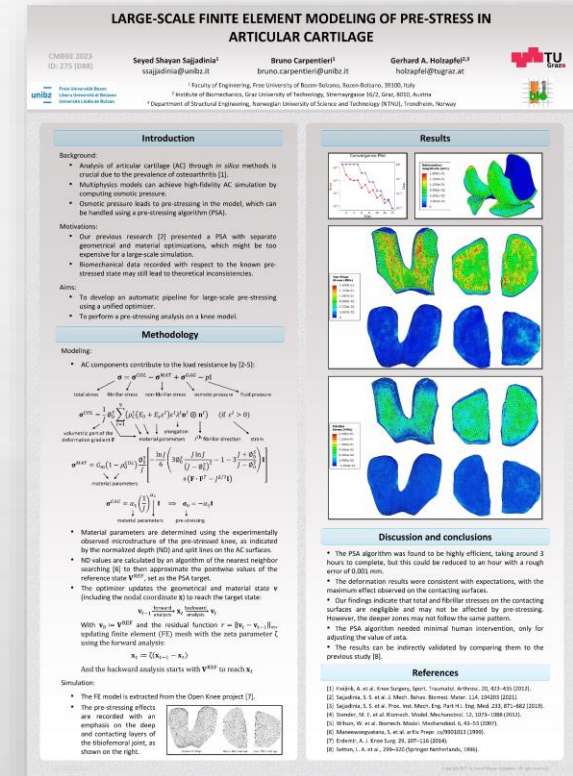
METHODOLOGY: INTERPOLATION



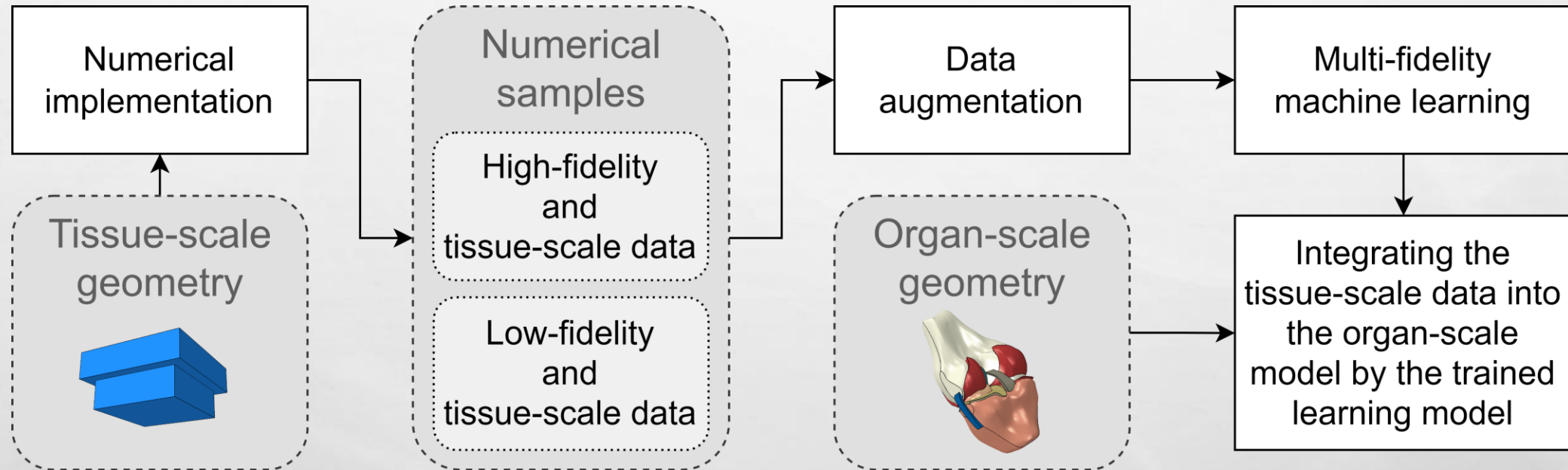
METHODOLOGY: BIOMECHANICS

- High-fidelity model: multi-physics equations
- Low-fidelity model: viscoelastic equations
- Small-scale simulation: contacting bodies with a simple mesh
- Large-scale simulation: contact in a tibiofemoral joint

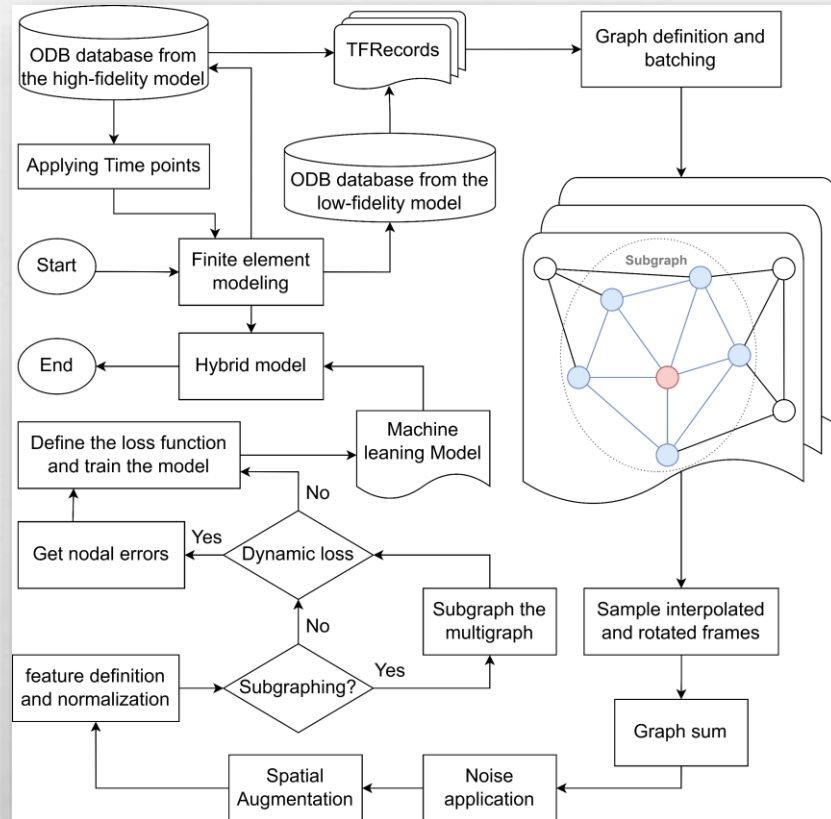
See my poster →



METHODOLOGY: DATA AUGMENTATION



METHODOLOGY: WORKFLOW



Training with:

- MAE loss
- MAE loss with static subgraphing
- MAE loss with dynamic subgraphing
- Weighted loss
- Dynamically weighted loss
- Maximal loss (top 100)
- Maximal loss (top 10000)

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

- Fluid pressure

Type	Noise Std	Latent Size	Averaged Valid Error	Averaged Test Error	Max Valid Error	Max Test Error	Max K
MAE loss with dynamic subgraphing	0.2	16	0.57	0.81	3.49	6.39	1
MAE loss with static subgraphing	0.2	64	0.33	1.04	3.77	6.93	1
MAE loss	0.2	64	0.19	0.22	3.05	3.75	1
Dynamically weighted loss	0.2	64	0.41	0.5	3.99	5.23	1
Weighted loss	0.2	64	0.38	0.57	3.61	5.88	1
Maximal loss (top 100)	0.2	64	0.37	0.48	2.5	3.58	1
Maximal loss (top 10000)	0.2	16	0.26	0.29	2.77	3.53	1

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

- Osmotic pressure

Type	Noise Std	Latent Size	Averaged Valid Error	Averaged Test Error	Max Valid Error	Max Test Error	Max K
MAE loss with dynamic subgraphing	0.1	64	0.24	0.27	2.3	2.65	0.5
MAE loss with static subgraphing	0.1	64	0.29	0.35	2.45	2.69	0.5
MAE loss	0.1	64	0.13	0.16	2.54	2.74	0.5
Dynamically weighted loss	0.1	64	0.18	0.24	1.73	1.96	0.5
Weighted loss	0.1	64	0.15	0.19	2.07	2.25	0.5
Maximal loss (top 100)	0.1	64	0.21	0.3	1.55	1.99	0.5
Maximal loss (top 10000)	0.1	64	0.15	0.22	1.88	2.6	0.5

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

- Fibrillar stress

Type	Noise Std	Latent Size	Averaged Valid Error	Averaged Test Error	Max Valid Error	Max Test Error	Max K
MAE loss with dynamic subgraphing	0.5	16	0.59	0.72	2.93	2.94	0.5
MAE loss with static subgraphing	0.5	64	0.44	0.66	2.45	2.56	0.5
MAE loss	0.5	64	0.32	0.33	2.69	2.75	0.5
Dynamically weighted loss	0.5	64	0.44	0.68	3.24	3.23	0.5
Weighted loss	0.5	64	0.44	0.78	2.43	2.47	0.5
Maximal loss (top 100)	0.5	64	0.38	0.42	1.93	1.97	0.5
Maximal loss (top 10000)	0.5	64	0.35	0.44	1.91	1.99	0.5

**THANK
YOU**

